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## Nutrition – Diversified Agriculture for balanced Nutrition in Subsaharan Africa

## Project brief: Aflatoxin Networking on Aflatoxin Reduction in the Food Value Chain

Country	Kenya
Funding Agency	German Ministry for Food and Agriculture (BMEL)
Project Administra-	Federal Office for Agriculture and Food - BLE
Project Duration	01.07.2016 - 31.07.2017
Thematic Area	Aflatoxin, Contamination of food and feed, Food Value Chains, Carry over of Aflatoxins from feed into milk and milk products, Aflatoxin rapid detection
Background	Aflatoxins are potent, naturally occurring carcinogenic myco- toxins produced as byproducts by fungi (moulds) that grow on maize, groundnuts and other food crops. The toxins occur everywhere in the world, but pose particularly high risks in tropi- cal countries where maize and sorghum are the staple diet of the poor. Aflatoxins are categorized as group 1 carcinogen by the WHO/FAO (IARC 2012), because they lead to liver carcinogenicity. The uptake of aflatoxins in the diet, even the regular uptake of minor amounts is also associated with stunting of children and poses a serious threat to national public health. To protect con- sumers, aflatoxin limits are fixed in many countries, both for

	primary agricultural products and for processed foods, however this is often not strictly controlled. Especially small crop-livestock farmers require safe sources of feed for livestock because afla- toxins are also carried over into milk and milk products. Conta- mination of agricultural products (food and feed) causes damage to national industries such as the milk industry in East Africa.
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Short Description	The project is designed as an initial study that should be followed by a more intensive, overall collaborative project with African partners. The goal of this project is to establish a long-term network be- tween scientific and development partners in Kenya/East Africa and Germany to address the reduction of aflatoxins in the food value chain. The complex nature of aflatoxin contamination in food and feed will be assessed by the Federal Research Institute, MRI, during an initial study (situation assessment) in Kenya. First tangible solutions for the reduction of aflatoxin in the food value chain in Kenya will be developed by carrying out the following activities:
	<ol> <li>Conduct carry-over study of aflatoxins into milk,</li> <li>Examine and verify available aflatoxin rapid detection test,</li> <li>Develop aflatoxin minimization strategies using molecu- lar methods.</li> </ol> It is planned to disseminate the results and publications widely to decision takers in politics and networks in Kenya, Germany and Europe using new social media.